

## TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION FOR POLYMER PIN INSULATOR

**Scope :** This specification cover the design, manufacturing, testing at manufacturers works, transport to site, insurance, unloading & storage of 11 KV & 33 KV Polymer Pin Insulator suitable for use in 11 KV & 33 KV Overhead Lines situated in any part of West Bengal under the jurisdiction of WBSEDCL.

### **General Requirements:**

1. The Composite insulators will be used on lines on which the conductor will be ACSR of size up to 200 Sq.mm. The insulators should withstand the conductor tension, the reversible wind load as well as the high frequency vibrations due to wind.

2. Insulator shall be suitable for 3 Phase, 50 Hz effectively earthed 11KV Overhead Lines and 33 KV Impedance Grounded distribution systems in a moderately/heavily polluted atmosphere.

3. Bidder must be an indigenous manufacturer and supplier of composite insulators of rating 11KV or above or must have developed proven in house technology and manufacturing process for composite insulators of above rating. The Bidder shall furnish necessary evidence in support of the above along with the bid, which can be in the form of certification from the utilities concerned, or any other documents to the satisfaction of the owner.

4. Insulator shall be suitable for the long Rod Type.

5. Insulators shall have sheds with good self-cleaning properties. Insulator shed profile, spacing, projection etc. and selection in respect of polluted conditions shall be generally in accordance with the commendation of IEC- 60815/ IS: 13134.

6. The tolerances on all dimensions e.g. diameter, length and creepage distance shall be allowed as follows in line with-IEC 61109:

$$\begin{aligned} &\pm (0.04d + 1.5) \text{ mm when } d \leq 300 \text{ mm} \\ &\pm (0.025d + 6) \text{ mm when } d > 300 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

Where, d being the dimensions in millimetres for diameter, length or creepage distance as the case may be. However, no negative tolerance shall be applicable to creepage distance.

7. The composite insulators including the end fitting connection shall be standard design suitable for use with the hardware fittings of any make conforming to relevant IEC/IS standards.

8. All surfaces shall be clean, smooth, without cuts, abrasions or projections. No part shall be subjected to excessive localized pressure. The insulator and metal parts shall be so designed and manufactured that it shall avoid local corona formation and not generate any radio interference beyond specified limit under the operating conditions.

**Service condition :** The insulators to be supplied against this specification shall be suitable for satisfactory continuous operation under the following topical condition :

- |                                  |   |
|----------------------------------|---|
| a ) Max. ambient temperature     | : 50 ° C  |
| b ) Min. ambient temperature     | : -5 ° C  |
| c ) Relative humidity            | : 10 % to 100 %   |
| d ) Average number of rainy days | : 100 / annum.  |
| e ) Max. Annual Rainfall         | : 1500 mm   |
| f ) Max. Wind Pressure           | : 150 Kg/ sq. Meter   |
| g ) Max. Wind Velocity           | : 50 Km/ hour   |
| h ) Max. Altitude above MSL      | : 1000 Meter.   |
| i ) Seismic level                | : 0.3 g ( Horizontal acceleration )   |
| j ) Average Thunder storm        | : 45 Days per annum.  |
| k ) Climatic condition           | : Moderately hot and humid tropical climate, conducive to rust and fungus growth. Pollution level is high. Some area with seashores having saline atmosphere. |

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**System Parameters:**

- a ) Nominal system voltage : 11 KV & 33 KV.  
 b ) Highest system voltage : 12 KV & 36 KV.  
 c ) Power frequency : 50 Hz.  
 d ) Number of Phases : Three.  
 e ) System earthing : 11 KV Solidly earthed,  
 33 KV Impedance earth.

**Standard :** The following Indian / International Standards with latest revisions and amendments shall be referred while accessing conformity of insulators with this specification.

Sl. No.	Indian Standard	Title	International Standard
1.		Definition, test methods and acceptance criteria for composite insulators for a.c. overhead lines above 1000V	IEC : 61109
2.	IS : 731	Porcelain insulators for overhead power lines with a nominal voltage greater than 1000V	IEC : 60383
3.	IS : 2071	Methods of High Voltage Testing	IEC : 60060-1
4.	IS : 2486	Specification for insulator fittings for overhead power lines with a nominal voltage greater than 1000V General Requirements and Tests Dimensional Requirements Locking Devices	IEC : 60120 IEC : 60372
5.		Thermal Mechanical Performance test and mechanical performance test on string insulator units	IEC : 60575
6.	IS : 13134	Guide for the selection of insulators in respect of polluted conditions	IEC : 60815
7.		Characteristics of string insulator units of the long rod type	IEC : 60433
8.		Hydrophobicity classification guide	STRI guide 1.92/1
9.		Radio interference characteristics of overhead power lines and high-voltage equipment	CISPR:18-2 part2
10.	IS : 8263	Methods of RI Test of HV Insulators	IEC : 60437
11.		Standard for insulators - Composite-Distribution Dead-end type	ANSI C29 13- 2000
12.	IS : 4759	Hot dip zinc coatings on structural steel & other allied products	ISO : 1459 ISO : 1461
13.	IS : 2629	Recommended Practice for Hot, Dip Galvanization for iron and steel	ISO-1461 (E)
14.	IS : 6745	Determination of weight of zinc coating on zinc coated iron and steel articles	ISO : 1460

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15.	IS : 3203	Methods of testing of local thickness of electroplated coatings	ISO : 2178
16.	IS : 2633	Testing of Uniformity of coating of zinc coated articles	
17		Standard specification for glass fiber strands	ASTMD 578-05
18		Standard test method for compositional analysis by Thermo-gravimetric	ASTM E 1131-03
19	IS : 4699	Specification for refined secondary zinc	

#### Technical Requirement:

1. Composite Insulators shall be designed to meet the light quality, safety and reliability and are capable of withstanding a wide range of environmental conditions.

- (a) Core : The internal insulating part
- (b) Housing : The external insulating part.
- (c) Metal end fittings: For attaching to hardware to support conductor.

**Core:** It shall be a glass-fiber reinforced epoxy resin rod of high strength (FRP rod). Glass fibbers and resin shall be optimized in the FRP rod. Glass fibbers shall be Boron free electrically corrosion resistant (ECR) glass fiber or Boron free E-Glass and shall exhibit both high electrical integrity and high resistance to acid corrosion. The matrix of the FRP rod shall be Hydrolysis resistant. The FRP shall be manufactured through Pultrusion process. The FRP rod shall be void free.

#### Housing (Sheath):

The FRP rod shall be covered by a seamless sheath of a silicone elastomeric compound of a thickness of 3 mm minimum. It shall be one-piece housing using injection Moulding Principle to cover the core. The elastomer housing shall be designed to provide the necessary creepage distance and protection against environmental influences, external pollution and humidity. Housing shall conform to the requirement of IEC 61109/92-93 with latest amendments.

It shall be extruded or directly moulded on core and shall have chemical bonding with the FRP rod. The strength of the bond shall be greater than the tearing strength of the polymer. Sheath material in the bulk as well as in the sealing / bonding area shall be free from voids.

Manufacturer should furnish a description of its quality assurance programme including fabrication; testing and inspection for any material (i.e rubber) Components (i.e rod) or hardware (i.e. end fittings). The manufacturer has had fabricated by others should also be included. Manufacturing methods and material composition documentation will be a part of Technical Bid to be submitted along with offer.

#### WEATHERSHEDS:

The composite polymer Weathersheds made of silicone elastomeric compound shall be firmly bonded to the sheath, vulcanized to the sheath or moulded as part of the sheath and shall be free from imperfections. The weathersheds should have silicon content of minimum 30% by weight. The strength of the weathershed to sheath interface shall be greater than the tearing strength of the polymer. The interface, if any, between sheds and sheath (housing) shall be free from voids.

#### METAL END FITTINGS:

End fittings transmit the mechanical load to the core. Hardware of respective specified mechanical load and shall be hot dip galvanized in Zinc-coated with minimum 99.95% purity of electrolytic high grade Zinc in accordance with IS-2629. The material used in fittings shall be corrosion resistant.

Metal end fittings shall be uniform and without sharp edges or corners and shall be free of cracks, flakes, silvers, slag, blow-holes shrinkages defects and localized porosity.

They shall be connected to the rod by means of a controlled compression technique. As the main duty of the end fittings is the transfer of mechanical loads to the core the fittings should be properly attached to the core by a coaxial or hexagonal compression process and should not damage the individual fibres or crack the core.

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The gap between fittings and sheath shall be sealed by flexible silicone elastometric compound or silicone alloy compound sealant, system of attached of end fitting to the rod shall provide superior sealing performance between housing, i.e. seamless sheath and metal connection. The sealing must be moisture proof.

The dimensions of end fittings of insulators shall be in accordance with the standard dimensions stated in IEC: 60120/IS:2486 Part-II/1989.

Nominal dimensions of the pin insulator shall be in accordance with the Specific Technical Particulars. No joints in pin will be allowed. Outer portion of Pin should be Zinc coated with minimum 99.95% purity of electrolytic high grade Zinc.

The finished surface shall be smooth and shall have a good performance. The surface shall not crack or get chipped due to ageing effect under normal and abnormal service conditions or while handling during transit or erection.

The design of the fittings and the insulators shall be such that there is no local corona formation or discharges likely to cause the interference to either should or vision transmission.

Bottom end metal fitting (Shank) of Pin Insulator should be as per IS: 2486. Length of thread on shank should be minimum 120 mm for 11 KV Pin and 130 mm for 33 KV Pin insulator. Shank diameter is 20 mm for 11 KV Pin Insulator & 24 mm for 33 KV Pin Insulator. Minimum Collar diameter should be 40 mm & 48mm for 11 KV & 33 KV Pin insulators and its minimum thickness should be of 5 mm. Two number nuts as per IS 1363 (P-III) and 4 mm thick Spring Washer shall be as per IS 3063 with latest amendments if any, Nuts and spring washer shall be **hot dip galvanized**.

#### Workmanship :

a) All the materials shall be of latest design and conform to the best engineering practices adopted in the high voltage field. Bidders shall offer only such insulators as are guaranteed by them to be satisfactory and suitable for continued good service in power transmission lines.

b) The design, manufacturing process and material control at various stages shall be such as to give maximum working load, highest mobility, best resistance to corrosion, good finish and elimination of sharp edges and corners.

c) The design of the insulators shall be such that stresses due to expansion and contraction in any part of the insulator shall not lead to deterioration.

d) The core shall be sound and free of cracks and voids that may adversely affect the insulators.

e) Weather sheds shall be uniform in quality. They shall be clean, sound and smooth and shall be free from defects and excessive flashing at parting lines.

f) End fittings shall be free from cracks, seams, shrinks, air holes and rough edges. End fittings should be effectively sealed to prevent moisture ingress. Effectiveness of sealing system must be supported by test documents. All surfaces of the metal parts shall be perfectly smooth without projecting points or irregularities, which may cause corona. All load bearing surfaces shall be smooth and uniform so as to distribute the loading stresses uniformly.

g) All ferrous parts shall be hot dip galvanized to give a minimum average coating of zinc equivalent to 610 gm/sq.m. or 87µm thickness and shall be in accordance with the requirement of IS:4579. The zinc used for galvanizing shall be of purity 99.5% as per IS : 4699. The zinc coating shall be uniform, adherent, smooth, reasonably bright continuous and free from imperfections such as flux, ash rust stains, bulky white deposits and blisters. The galvanized metal parts shall be guaranteed to withstand at least four successive dips each lasting for one (1) minute duration under the standard preece test. The galvanizing shall be carried out only after any machining.

#### Drawing :

The bidder shall furnish along with the bid the outline drawing of each insulator unit including a cross sectional view of the long rod insulator unit. The drawing shall include but not be limited to the following information :

- (a) Long rod diameter with manufacturing tolerances
- (b) Minimum Creepage distance with positive tolerance
- (c) Protected creepage distance
- (d) Eccentricity of the long rod unit
  - (i) Axial run out
  - (ii) Radial run out

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- (e) Unit mechanical and electrical characteristics
- (f) Weight of composite long rod units
- (g) Identification mark
- (h) Manufacturer's catalogue number

**Marking:** Each insulator shall be legibly and indelibly marked (embossing/engraved) to show the following:

- a ) Name & Trade mark of the manufacturer
- b ) Month & Year of manufacturing
- c ) Voltage & Type
- d ) Minimum Failing Load ( in KN)
- e ) "WBSEDCL" marking

**N.B. Marking with sticker/written by Ink is not acceptable.**

**Design/Type Test:**

Following Design test and type test report needs to be submitted with the technical bid:-

Design Test:-

1. Testing on shed and housing material:-
  - (a) Hardness test
  - (b) Accelerated weathering test
  - (c) Tracking and erosion test
  - (d) Flammability test
  - (e) Chemical composition test
2. Test on core materials
  - (a) Dye penetration test
  - (b) Water diffusion test

Type Test:-

1. Lightning impulse withstand voltage test
2. Lightning impulse flashover voltage test
3. Wet power frequency voltage withstand test
4. Wet power frequency voltage flashover test
5. Bending load test
6. Recovery of hydrophobicity test
7. Radio interference test

**Routine Test :**

- a ) Identification of marking
- b ) Visual inspection
- c ) Mechanical routine test

**Acceptance Test :** The following test will be carried out at manufacturers works during inspection of the offered insulators before delivery :

- a ) Visual examination
- b ) Verification of dimension
- c ) Galvanizing test
- d ) Mechanical performance test
- e ) Mechanical Failing Load test
- f ) Dry power frequency flashover voltage test

**Testing Facilities :**

The tenderer must clearly indicate what testing facilities are available in the works of the manufacturer and whether facilities are adequate to carry out all Routine & Acceptance Tests. These facilities should be available to WBSEDCL's Engineers if deputed or carry out or witness the tests in the manufacturer works. If any test cannot be carried out at the manufacturer's work, the reasons should be clearly stated in the tender. The insulators shall be tested in accordance with the procedure detailed in IEC 61109/92-93 with latest amendments.

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**Inspection :**

All Acceptance tests shall be carried out at manufacturer's works in presence of the WBSEDCL's and manufacturers representatives. In addition to above, all routine tests are also to be carried on the insulator as per relevant IS / IEC. The entire cost of acceptance and routine test that to be carried out as per relevant IS / IEC shall be treated as included in the quoted price of Insulator. The manufacturer shall give at least 21(twenty one) days advance notice intimating the actual date of inspection and details of all tests that are to be carried out from the date when the tests will be carried out.

Routine tests on all insulators shall be carried out as per IEC / IS and test reports shall be submitted along with respective inspection offer to CE, P&CD, WBSEDCL.

**Sampling & Rejection during inspection:**

The sampling and rejection procedure for Acceptance Test shall be as per IEC 61109.

**Packing :**

a ) All insulators shall be packed in strong corrugated box of min. 7 ply duly palette or wooden crates. The gross weight of the crates along with the material shall not normally exceed 100

Kg to avoid handling problem. The crates shall be suitable for outdoor storage under wet climate during rainy season.

b ) The packing shall be of sufficient strength to withstand rough handling during transit, storage at site and subsequent handling in the field.

c ) Suitable cushioning, protective padding or spacers shall be provided to prevent damage or deformation during transit and handling.

d ) Each wooden case / crate / corrugated box shall have all the markings stencilled on it in indelible ink.

e) The bidder shall provide instructions regarding handling and storage precautions to be taken at site.

**Guarantee :**

In the event of any defect in the equipment / materials arising out of faulty design, materials, workmanship within a period of 12 (twelve) months of commissioning or 18 (eighteen) months from the date of last despatch of any integral part of the equipment / materials whichever is earlier the supplier shall guarantee to replace or repair the same to the satisfaction of the purchaser.

If the supplier fail to do so within a reasonable time, WBSEDCL reserves the right to effect repair or replacement by any other agency and recover charges for repair or replacement from the supplier.

**Quality Assurance Plan:**

1. The successful bidder shall submit following information along with the bid.
2. Test certificates of the raw materials and bought out accessories.
3. Statement giving list of important raw material, their grades along with names of sub-suppliers for raw materials, list of standards according to which the raw materials are tested. List of tests normally carried out on raw materials in presence of bidder's representative.
4. List of manufacturing facilities available.
5. Level of automation achieved and lists of areas where manual processing exists.
6. List of areas in manufacturing process, where stage inspections are normally carried out for quality control and details of such tests and inspections.
7. List of testing equipments available with the bidder for final testing equipment along with valid calibration reports.
8. The manufacturer shall submit Manufacturing Quality Assurance Plan (QAP) for approval & the same shall be followed during manufacture and testing.
9. The successful bidder shall submit the routine test certificates of bought out raw materials/accessories and central excise passes for raw material at the time of inspection.
10. The Owner's representative shall at all times be entitled to have access to the works and all places of manufacture, where insulator, and its component parts shall be manufactured and the

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representatives shall have full facilities for unrestricted inspection of the Supplier's and sub-Supplier's works, raw materials, manufacture of the material and for conducting necessary test as detailed herein.

11. The material for final inspection shall be offered by the Supplier only under packed condition. The owner shall select samples at random from the packed lot for carrying out acceptance tests. The lot offered for inspection shall be homogeneous and shall contain insulators manufactured in 3-4 consecutive weeks.

12. The Supplier shall keep the Owner informed in advance of the time of starting and the progress of manufacture of material i/n their various stages so that arrangements could be made for inspection.

13. No material shall be dispatched from its point of manufacture before it has been satisfactorily inspected and tested unless the owner in writing waives off the inspection. In the later case also the material shall be dispatched only after satisfactory testing specified herein has been completed.

14. The acceptance of any quantity of material shall in no way relieve the Supplier of his responsibility for meeting all the requirements of the specification and shall not prevent subsequent rejection, if such materials are later found to be defective.

## ANNEXURE: A

### Test on Insulator units

1. RIV Test (Dry): The insulator string along with complete hardware fittings shall have a radio interference voltage level below 100 micro volts at one MHz when subjected to 50 Hz voltage of 10 kV & 30 kV for 11 kV & 33 kV class insulators respectively under dry condition. The test procedure shall be in accordance with IS: 8263/IEC: 437/CISPR 18-2.

2. Brittle Fracture Resistance Test: Brittle fracture test shall be carried out on naked rod along with end fittings by applying "1N HNO<sub>3</sub> acid" (63 g conc. HNO<sub>3</sub> added to 937 g water) to the rod. The rod should be held at 80% of SML for the duration of the test. The rod should not fail within the 96 Hour test duration. Test arrangement should ensure continuous wetting of the rod with Nitric acid.

3. Recovery of Hydrophobicity & Corona Test:

i) The surface of selected samples shall be cleaned with isopropyl alcohol. Allow the surface to dry and spray with water. Record the Hydrophobicity classification in line with STRI guide for Hydrophobicity classification (Extract enclosed at Annexure-D) Dry the sample surface.

(ii) The sample shall be subjected to mechanical stress by bending the Sample over a ground electrode. Corona is continuously generated by applying 12 kV to a needle like electrode placed 1 mm above the sample surface. Tentative arrangement shall be as shown in Annexure-E. The test shall be done for 100 hrs.

(iii) Immediately after the corona treatment, spray the surface with Water and record the HC classification. Dry the surface and repeat the corona treatment as at Clause-2 above. Note HC classification. Repeat the cycle for 1000 Hrs. or until an HC of 6 or 7 is obtained. Dry the sample surface.

(iv) Allow the sample to recover and repeat hydrophobicity Measurement at several time intervals. Silicone rubber should recover to HC 1 - HC 2 within 24 to 48 hours, depending on the Material and the intensity of the corona treatment.

4. Chemical composition test for Silicon content:

The content of silicon in the composite polymer shall be evaluated by EDX (Energy Dispersion X-ray) Analysis or Thermo-gravimetric analysis. The test may be carried out at CPRI or any other NABL accredited laboratory.

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# MANDATORY PARTICULARS FOR 11 KV & 33 KV PIN INSULATOR

Sl. No.	Description	11 KV Pin	33 KV Pin
1.	Type of insulator	Polymeric composite Pin Insulator	Polymeric composite Pin Insulator
2.	Reference Standard	IEC 61109	IEC 61109
3.	Material of FRP Rod	Borrone free ECR	Borrone free ECR
4.	Material of sheds	Silicon Rubber	Silicon Rubber
5.	Minimum silicon content in weather sheds	30% by weight	30% by weight
6.	Method of fixing of metal end fittings to rod	controlled compression technique	controlled compression technique
7.	Material of Top End Fittings	SGCI /MCI/FORGED STEEL	SGCI /MCI/FORGED STEEL
8.	Material of Bottom End Fittings	SGCI /MCI/FORGED STEEL	SGCI /MCI/FORGED STEEL
9.	Material of sealing compound	RTV Silicon	RTV Silicon
10.	Colour of sheds	Grey	Grey
11.	Rated voltage	11 KV	33 KV
12.	Highest voltage	12 KV	36 KV
13.	Dry Power Frequency Withstand voltage	60 KV	95 KV
14.	Wet Power Frequency Withstand voltage	35 KV	75 KV
15.	Dry Power Frequency Flashover Voltage	75 KV	130 KV
16.	Wet Power Frequency Flashover Voltage	45 KV	90 KV
17.	Dry Lightning Impulse withstand voltage	Positive : 75 KV Negative : 80 KV	Positive : 170 KV Negative : 180 KV
18.	Dry Lightning Impulse Flashover voltage	Positive : 95 KV Negative : 100 KV	Positive : 210 KV Negative : 230 KV
19.	RIV at 1 MHz when energised at 10 KV / 30 KV (rms) under dry condition	< 100 microvolt	< 100 microvolt
20.	Creepage distance ( min )	320 mm	900 mm
21.	Minimum bending load	5 KN	10 KN
22.	Diameter of FRP Rod (min)	24 mm	33.5 mm
23.	Length of FRP Rod (min)	165 mm	300 mm
24.	Minimum thickness of housing	3 mm	3 mm
25.	Minimum dry arc distance	150 mm	300 mm
26.	Method of fixing sheds to housing	Injection moulding	Injection moulding
27.	Visible Discharge Voltage (PF)	9 KV	27 KV
28.	No of weather sheds (min)	Three	Eight
29.	Type of sheds	Aerodynamic	Aerodynamic
30.	Diameter of bottom end fitting	20 mm	24 mm
31.	Minimum thread length of bottom end fitting	110 mm	130 mm (min)
32.	Minimum shank diameter	20 mm	24 mm
33.	Minimum collar diameter	40 mm	48 mm
34.	Minimum collar thickness	5 mm	5 mm
35.	No. of 1 inch hot dip galvanized iron nuts	2 nos	2 nos
36.	Thickness of spring washer	4 mm	4 mm
37.	Type of packing	Wooden / Corrugated box	Wooden / Corrugated box
38.	No of insulators in each pack	Twenty	Ten
39.	Marking		
40.	Guarantee	12 months from commissioning or 18 months from the date of last despatch.	12 months from commissioning or 18 months from the date of last despatch.

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# **ANNEXURE B**

## **G T P TO BE FILLED UP BY THE BIDDER**

**Name of the manufacturer:**

**Address of works:**

Sl. No.	Description	11 KV Pin Insulator	33 KV Pin Insulator
1.	Type of insulator		
2.	Reference Standard		
3.	Material of FRP Rod		
4.	Material of sheds		
5.	Minimum silicon content in weather sheds		
6.	Method of fixing of metal end fittings to rod		
7.	Conductor groove		
8.	Inclination of shed		
9.	Material of Top End Fittings		
10.	Material of Bottom End Fittings		
11.	Material of sealing compound		
12.	Colour of sheds		
13.	Rated voltage		
14.	Highest voltage		
15.	Dry Power Frequency Withstand voltage		
16.	Wet Power Frequency Withstand voltage		
17.	Dry PF Flashover Voltage		
18.	Wet PF Flashover Voltage		
19.	Dry Lightning Impulse withstand voltage		
20.	Positive		
21.	Negative		
22.	Dry Lightning Impulse Flashover voltage		
23.	Positive		
24.	Negative		
25.	RIV at 1 MHz when energised at 10 KV / 30 KV (rms) under dry condition		
26.	Creepage distance ( min )		
27.	Visible Discharge Voltage (PF)		
28.	Minimum bending load		
29.	Diameter of FRP Rod (min)		
30.	Length of FRP Rod		
31.	Diameter of Weather sheds		
32.	Thickness of housing		
33.	Dry arc distance		
34.	Method of fixing sheds to housing		
35.	No of weather sheds		
36.	Type of sheds		
37.	Diameter of bottom end fitting		
38.	Thread length of bottom end fitting		
39.	Minimum shank diameter		
40.	Minimum collar diameter		

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41	Minimum collar thickness		
42	No. of 1 inch hot dip galvanized iron nuts		
43	Thickness of spring washer		
44	Weight of composite insulator		
45	Type of packing		
46	No of insulators in each pack		
47	Gross weight of package		
48	Marking		
49	Guarantee		

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